



Annual Report

December 31, 2015 and 2014

Table of Contents

	Page Reference
Report of Independent Auditors	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Income	5
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	6
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	9



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors and Stockholders Agent Information Software, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Agent Information Software, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Agent Information Software, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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SWENSON CORPORATION

March 21, 2016

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2015 and 2014

ASSETS

	2015	2014
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,033,027	\$ 707,771
Accounts receivable, trade, net of allowance of \$7,250	122,429	80,308
Deferred income taxes, current	80,000	96,000
Other current assets	<u> 144,706</u>	128,175
Total current assets	1,380,162	1,012,254
Capitalized software, net	2,209,435	2,097,858
Equipment, net	124,671	216,801

Total assets	<u>\$ 3,714,268</u>	\$ 3,326,913

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2015 and 2014

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	2015	2014
Current liabilities:		
Current maturies on long-term debt	\$ 10,949	\$ 26,926
Accounts payable, trade	48,102	66,950
Deferred revenue	1,325,878	966,802
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	156,862	157,113
Other accrued liabilities	132,014	133,158
Total current liabilities	1,673,805	1,350,949
Long-term debt	-	58,830
Deferred income taxes	51,000	67,000
Total liabilities	1,724,805	1,476,779
Commitments and contingencies	-	-
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 12,000,000 shares authorized,		
4,269,610 shares issued and outstanding	3,280,100	3,278,417
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized,		
no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(105,871)	(52,459)
Accumulated deficit	(1,184,766)	(1,375,824)
Total stockholders' equity	1,989,463	1,850,134
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,714,268	\$ 3,326,913

Consolidated Statements of Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Sales:		
Recurring sales	\$ 4,414,807	\$ 4,210,358
Non-recurring sales	324,302	294,659
Total net sales	4,739,109	4,505,017
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	1,651,446	1,431,085
Research and development	156,852	359,140
Sales, marketing, and customer service	1,785,067	1,648,491
General and administrative	961,238	932,281
Total costs and expenses	4,554,603	4,370,997
Income from operations	184,506	134,020
Other (expense) income, net	(948)	1,617
Income before benefit for income taxes	183,558	135,637
	(7.500)	(2(500)
Benefit for income taxes	(7,500)	(36,500)
Net income	<u>\$ 191,058</u>	\$ 172,137
Earnings per share:		
Basic income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding	4,269,610	4,269,610
Diluted income per share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding	4,764,527	4,652,610

AGENT INFORMATION SOFTWARE AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Net income	\$ 191,058	\$ 172,137
Other comprehensive loss: Foreign currency translation adjustments Other comprehensive loss	(53,412) (53,412)	(31,777) (31,777)
Total Comprehensive income	\$ 137,646	\$ 140,360

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

				Accumulated	
				Other	Total
	Comm	on Stock	Accumulated	Comprehensive	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Deficit	Loss	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013	4,269,610	\$ 3,276,162	\$(1,547,961)	\$ (20,682)	\$ 1,707,519
Net income		-	172,137	-	172,137
Foreign currency translation		-	-	(31,777)	(31,777)
Comprehensive income					140,360
Stock option expense		2,255		_	2,255
Balance, December 31, 2014	4,269,610	3,278,417	(1,375,824)	(52,459)	1,850,134
Net income		-	191,058	-	191,058
Foreign currency translation	ı	-	-	(53,412)	(53,412)
Comprehensive income					137,646
Stock option expense		1,683	144		1,683
Balance, December 31, 2015	4,269,610	<u>\$ 3,280,100</u>	\$(1,184,766)	<u>\$ (105,871)</u>	\$ 1,989,463

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 191,058	\$ 172,137	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided by operations:			
Depreciation and amortization	674,012	579,484	
Stock option expense	1,683	2,255	
Deferred income tax benefit	-	(29,000)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>280,181</u>	(46,039)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,146,934	678,837	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisitions of equipment	-	(15,172)	
Capitalized software development	(693,459)	(751,496)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(693,459)	(766,668)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Payments on long-term debt	(74,807)	(26,316)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(74,807)	(26,316)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(53,412)	(31,777)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	325,256	(145,924)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	707,771	853,695	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,033,027	\$ 707,771	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Agent Information Software, Inc. (the "Company"), a Nevada corporation incorporated in 2010, including its wholly owned subsidiaries Auto-Graphics, Inc., and A-G Canada, Ltd., provides software products and services used to create, manage, publish and access information content via the Internet/Web.

Auto-Graphics, Inc., a corporation formed in 1960, provides software products and services to customers in the library community throughout the United States of America.

A-G Canada Ltd., a Canadian corporation formed in 1997, provides software products and services to customers in the library community in Canada.

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Agent Information Software, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Company in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and sales and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on information available as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results may materially differ from those estimated.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collectability is probable. The Company enters into certain arrangements where it is obligated to deliver multiple products and/or services (multiple elements). In these arrangements, the Company generally allocates the total revenue among the elements based on the selling price of each element when sold separately (vendor-specific objective evidence).

Recurring revenues for SaaS (Software as a Service) services, database subscriptions and software maintenance and support contracts are recognized as services are rendered over the contractual period commencing in the period in which access rights are provided to the customer.

License revenues are recognized when the software is shipped to the customer or system access rights are provided to the customer.

Non-recurring revenues for installation, training and other non-recurring services are recognized as services are completed for the customer.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenue and expenses are translated at average rates of exchange prevailing during the year. Unrealized currency translation adjustments resulting from this process are recorded to other comprehensive income and included as a component of stockholders' equity. The functional and reporting currency for operations located in Canada is the Canadian dollar. Consequently, assets and liabilities must be translated into U.S. dollars using standard exchange rates. All other Company transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars.

Credit risk

The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally requires cash deposits in advance of providing services. The Company maintains a reserve for potential losses from uncollectible accounts in the form of an allowance for doubtful accounts and actual losses in 2015 and 2014 were in line with management's expectations. The Company may be exposed to credit risk for trade receivables beyond the reserves established by the Company for this purpose.

During the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company had cash balances on hand at various financial institutions which exceeded FDIC and CDIC insured limits for periods of time.

Fair value of financial instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate that value.

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivables and notes payable: the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Included in cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2015 and 2014, is \$222,830 and \$264,479, respectively, of restricted cash. The restricted cash served as collateral for the line of credit ("LOC") that provided financial assurance that the company would fulfill its obligations with respect to repayments of amounts advanced from the LOC. The LOC matured in January 2016 and the restricted cash was transferred back to the Company. See Note 2 for LOC details.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on reviews of outstanding amounts on a regular basis.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Deferred revenue

The Company receives advance deposits from customers per the contracts with individual customers. These contract deposit amounts are for services that will be provided at some time in the future and are considered non-refundable. Revenues for which payment has been received in advance are treated as deferred revenue until services are provided and the revenues have been earned. Customer advance deposits were approximately \$1,326,000 and \$967,000 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Software

Software is recorded at historical cost. Software at December 31 consists of the following:

	2015	2014
Capitalized software	\$ 4,561,260	\$ 3,883,574
Less, accumulated amortization	2,351,825	1,785,716
Capitalized software, net	\$ 2,209,435	\$ 2,097,858

Certain costs incurred related to the development and purchase of computer software, for the purpose of generating recurring and non-recurring revenues, are capitalized and amortized. The Company collects and segregates software development labor hours applied to design, development, quality assurance and product documentation associated with the software development process. All labor hours associated with the design and specification development process are expensed as incurred until a detailed design has been developed.

All labor hours associated with coding, debugging, alpha testing, software bug corrections, quality assurance testing and documentation are eligible for capitalization. Generally, the Company capitalizes approximately 50% - 70% of eligible costs based on an average actual cost per labor hour and expenses the remainder. On an annual basis, the Company evaluates its capitalized software for recoverability against the estimated future revenues over the next five years from the products or services.

Certain marketing costs incurred to develop websites are expensed as incurred.

Amortization of software costs is based on the greater of the projected to actual revenue ratio or straight-line method and commences in the first full year of product availability and continues over the product's estimated useful life. The estimated useful life for computer software and databases is seven years based on its estimated economic life.

Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. Depreciation and amortization is based on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset and commences in the year the asset is placed in and/or is available for service or sale using the half-year convention method.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Equipment (continued)

Depreciation and amortization is computed using straight-line methods over the following estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 10 years
Other equipment	3 - 5 years
Leasehold improvements	3 - 10 years

Equipment at December 31 consists of the following:

	2015		2014		
Computer equipment	\$	260,015	\$	276,891	
Furniture and fixtures		120,011		120,187	
Other equipment		286,883		280,494	
Leasehold improvements		41,664		41,664	
		708,573		719,236	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		583,902		502,435	
Equipment, net	\$	124,671	\$	216,801	

Impairment of long-lived assets

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment*, long-lived tangible and intangible assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company periodically assesses the recoverability of the carrying amounts of long-lived assets. An impairment loss is recognized when expected undiscounted future cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset. The impairment loss is the difference by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value. There were no impairment losses or reserves as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share computations presented by the Company conform to the standard and are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Earnings per share (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

	Net income		Shares	Per share	
Year ended December 31, 2015					
Basic earnings per share					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	191,058	4,269,610	\$	0.04
Effect of dilutive securities stock options		_	494,917		
Diluted earnings per share					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	191,058	4,764,527	\$	0.04
Year ended December 31, 2014					
Basic earnings per share					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	172,137	4,269,610	\$	0.04
Effect of dilutive securities stock options			383,000		
Diluted earnings per share					
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	172,137	4,652,610	\$	0.04

Share-based compensation

The Company recognizes in the consolidated financial statements all costs resulting from share-based payment transactions at their fair values. Compensation cost for the portion of the awards for which the requisite service had not been rendered that were outstanding as of May 10, 2005 is recognized in the consolidated statements of operations over the remaining service period after such date based on the award's original estimate of fair value. Share-based compensation expense recognized for employees and directors for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was approximately \$2,000 and is included in general and administrative expense. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, cash flows from operations and cash flows from financing activities were not affected.

The Company determined the fair value of share-based payment awards to employees and directors on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model, which is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of highly complex and subjective variables. These variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the expected term of the awards, and actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors.

The Company used the simplified-method to determine an award's expected term and the Company's historical volatility to approximate expected volatility.

The Company has elected to adopt the detailed method for calculating the beginning balance of the additional paid-in capital pool ("APIC pool") related to the tax effects of employee share-based compensation, and to determine the subsequent impact on the APIC pool and consolidated statements of cash flows of the tax effects of employee share-based compensation awards that are outstanding. (See Note 7)

(Continued)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other gains and losses that are not included in net income, but are recorded directly in the consolidated statements of stockholders' equity, such as the unrealized gains and losses on the translation of the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations and gains or losses.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes by recognizing deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences that have been included in the consolidated financial statements or tax returns. Deferred taxes are recognized for all temporary differences between the tax and financial reporting bases of the Company's assets and liabilities based on enacted tax laws and statutory rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets, if it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize those tax assets through future operations.

The Company evaluates and accounts for uncertain tax positions in accordance with FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, which requires that management review uncertain tax positions taken and evaluate whether it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained as a result of an audit. Tax positions that are uncertain and do not meet the criteria for more likely than not are adjusted by a valuation account related to the amount for which is uncertain. Management believes that all tax positions taken to date are highly certain and accordingly, no accounting adjustments have been made to the consolidated financial statements. The Company is subject to federal income tax, California franchise tax and various taxes in other states.

Concentrations

During the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, there were two customer accounts which represented more than 10% of the Company's net sales. There were three customer accounts which represent more than 10% of the Company's accounts receivable as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 and all accounts were subsequently collected after year end.

Accounting standards update

In January 2014, the FASB approved for issuance the FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") on *Intangibles-Goodwill and Other*, which contains conforming amendments to the Codification to reflect the subsequent measurement and disclosure requirements of *Intangibles-Goodwill and Other* (FASB ASC Topic 350). ASU 2014-02 calls for an entity that elects the accounting alternative within U.S. GAAP should amortize goodwill on a straight-line basis over 10 years, or less than 10 years if the entity demonstrates that another useful life is more appropriate. ASU 2014-02 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014 for nonpublic entities. The Company was not materially impacted by either the disclosures or revenue recognition measurements from the required adoption of this guidance.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounting standards update (continued)

In May 2014, the FASB approved for issuance the FASB ASU on *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which contains conforming amendments to the Codification to reflect the measurement and disclosure requirements of *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (FASB ASC Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 for nonpublic entities. In August 2015, ASU 2015-14 was issued to extend the effective date to December 15, 2018 for nonpublic entities. The Company does not expect a material impact to either the disclosures or revenue recognition measurements from the required adoption of this guidance.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

2. Line of credit

The Company had a bank revolving line of credit agreement, which matured on January 15, 2016. Per the terms of the revolving line of credit agreement, the Company was required to maintain a restricted cash balance of \$300,000 Canadian Dollars (CAD) in certificates of deposits as compensating balances to collateralize the line of credit.

3. Long-term debt

Long-term debt at December 31 consists of the following:

	2015		2014	
Note payable to creditor, payable in monthly payments of \$995 with 0% interest. The note matures in November 2016 and is secured by equipment.	\$	10,949	\$	22,894
Note payable to creditor, payable in monthly payments of \$1,464 with 4.54% interest. The note was satisfied in	,	,	,	,
November 2015.		-		62,862
		10,949		85,756
Less, current portion of long-term debt		10,949		26,926
Total long-term portion of debt	\$	-	\$	58,830

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

4. Income taxes

The benefit for income taxes consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

_	2015	2014	
Current income taxes based on income			
Federal	\$ -	\$ -	
State	(7,500)	(7,500)	
Foreign	_ _		
Total current income tax benefit	(7,500)	(7,500)	
Deferred income taxes based on income			
Federal	-	(15,000)	
State		8,000	
Foreign	_	(22,000)	
Total deferred income tax benefit		(29,000)	
Total income tax benefit	\$ (7,500)	\$ (36,500)	

A reconciliation of the benefit for income taxes based on income follows for the years ended December 31:

	2015	2014	
Statutory rate	34%	34%	
Statutory U.S. Federal income tax	\$ 63,000	\$ 46,000	
Permanent differences	5,000	3,000	
State tax, net of federal benefit	3,500	9,500	
Change in federal valuation allowance	(82,000)	(112,000)	
Adjustments in foreign tax and other	3,000	17,000	
Total income tax benefit	\$ (7,500)	\$ (36,500)	

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

4. Income taxes (continued)

The deferred income tax assets and liabilities are composed of the following at December 31:

	2015	2014
Current deferred income taxes		
Bad debts/accrued vacation/other	\$ 80,000	\$ 96,000
Non-current deferred income taxes		
Deferred income tax assets:		
Net operating loss	538,000	602,000
Fixed assets/other	86,000	91,000
	624,000	693,000
Valuation allowance	(382,000)	(456,000)
Net non-current deferred income tax assets	242,000	237,000
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Tax over book amortization and depreciation	(293,000)	(304,000)
Net non-current deferred income tax liabilities	(51,000)	(67,000)
Net deferred income taxes	\$ 29,000	\$ 29,000

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements or tax returns. The valuation allowance at December 31, 2015 and 2014 reflects an unrecognized U.S. and foreign tax loss carryforward. At December 31, 2015, the Company had available net operating loss carryforwards of \$1,251,000 for federal income tax purposes, \$359,000 for state income tax purposes and \$213,000 for foreign income tax purposes. These net operating loss carryforwards expire from 2020 to 2030 for federal taxes, 2029 to 2030 for state taxes, and 2027 to 2032 for foreign taxes.

5. Commitments and contingencies

The Company leases its corporate office facility from an independent third party. The six-year building lease expires January 31, 2019. Rental expense was \$135,000 and \$124,000 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Company leased server management services from an independent third party. The two year lease expired October 15, 2014 and was on a month to month basis through November 2015 when services were terminated. Rental expense was \$104,000 and \$110,000 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Company started a new server management services lease from an independent third party in November 2015. The three year lease expires December 19, 2018. Rental expense was \$29,000 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company leases a storage facility on a month to month basis from an independent third party. Rental expense was \$22,000 and \$28,000 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

5. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

The following approximates future minimum lease commitments as of December 31:

2016	\$ 322,000
2017	312,000
2018	304,000
2019	50,000
2020	
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 988,000

6. Related party transactions

The Company paid to directors a total of \$48,000 in director fees for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

7. Stockholders' equity

2010 Qualified and non-qualified stock option plan

The Company adopted a qualified and non-qualified stock option plan on January 5, 2010 for 1,000,000 options. The 2010 Stock Option Plan was amended on August 25, 2011 to accelerate vesting of options to 100% before a change in control. Under the plan, the stock option price per share for options granted is determined by the Board of Directors and is based on the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The stock options vest over five years and no option can be exercised later than ten years from the date it was granted.

The Company determined compensation cost based on the fair value for its fully vested stock options at grant date. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company's total compensation expense recorded from inception-to-date (net of tax) was approximately \$42,000 and \$40,000, respectively.

The fair value for these options was estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants at December 31:

	2015	2014	
Expected life	5 years	5 years	
Risk-free interest rate	3.3%	3.3%	
Expected volatility	30%	30%	
Dividend yield	0%	0%	
Fair value of options granted at fair market price	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.14	

All options granted were at the fair market price.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

7. Stockholders' equity (continued)

Transactions involving stock options for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Balance at December 31, 2013	373,000	\$	0.43
Granted	50,000		0.39
Forfeited	(10,000)		<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31, 2014	413,000		0.46
Granted	200,000		0.35
Forfeited	(13,000)		
Balance at December 31, 2015	600,000	\$	0.45

Additional information with respect to the outstanding options as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable		
Option Exercise	Number	Average Remaining Contractual	Weighted Average Exercise	Number	Average Exercise
Price Range	of Shares	Life (Yrs.)	<u>Price</u>	of Shares	<u>Price</u>
\$0.10 to 0.29	155,000	7.65	\$ 0.14	86,666	\$ 0.13
\$0.30 to 0.49 \$0.50 to 0.69	237,000 145,000	8.82 1.63	0.36 0.54	105,667 145,000	0.36 0.54
\$0.70 to 0.99	63,000	2.44	0.81	63,000	0.81
	600,000	6.11	\$ 0.41	400,333	\$ 0.45

8. 401(k) Plan

The Company sponsors a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code for the benefit of its U.S. based employees. All full-time employees are eligible to participate. The Company pays the administrative expenses of the plan. Annually, the Company may, at its sole discretion, award an amount as a match against employee contributions to the 401(k) plan. The Company contribution was approximately \$38,000 and \$26,000 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2015 and 2014

9. Supplemental disclosures of consolidated cash flow information

The changes in the components of the operating assets and liabilities in the consolidated statements of cash flows, for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2015		2014	
(Increase) decrease in assets:	•	_		
Accounts receivable, net	\$	(42,121)	\$	81,235
Other current assets		(16,531)		(15,305)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable, trade		(18,848)		(24,278)
Deferred revenue		359,076		(70,637)
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		(251)		(2,558)
Other accrued liabilities		(1,144)		(14,496)
	\$	280,181	\$	(46,039)

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

The Company paid net interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 of \$2,470 and \$3,191, respectively. The Company paid income taxes in the amount of approximately \$3,000 and \$19,000 in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

10. Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 21, 2016, the date on which the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.